



Research Article

NEIGHBORHOOD INSTITUTE IN UZBEKISTAN

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ABSTRACT

In this article, information about the place of residence-family, which is the main link of society, as well as the role of self-government institutions of citizens in the formation of mutual spiritual and moral relations between parents and children, that is, the neighborhood system. A brief idea was made about the extent of mutual cooperation on the basis of community – family – neighborhood concession, its effect today, as a result of the reforms carried out in the neighborhood system, the powers and opportunities of this social institution are increasing.

KEYWORDS

State, society, family, neighborhood, citizen, politics, social life, Law, development, template, development, authority, reform.

INTRODUCTION

The smallest cell of every society and one of the sacred mansions is the family. The social, spiritual and

educational development of society is of course a family. From time immemorial, the value of the family



in our people, ensuring its stability has been one of both religious and legal actions. First President Of Our Country In the work “High spirituality is invincible – power” I.A.Karimov described the family as follows: “as long as there is life in this bright world, there is a family. While there is a family there is a so-called Priceless blessing to have children. Since there are children, a person always lives with noble and dream aspirations[1, 35.] The social life, educational environment of any country, relying on family values, depends on the family, the upbringing of the child is initially formed in the family and manifested in society. A. on the harmonious relationship of parents and children in the family. In his work titled “Family or family management procedures”, Fitrat puts forward the following: “there is not a single people in the world who do not aspire to self-esteem and happiness. The happiness and glory of each nation depends, of course, on the internal discipline and harmony of this people. And peace and harmony rely on the discipline of the families of this nation” [2,8.]. From the first days of independence, on the initiative of the first president of our country, “Mahalla” (neighborhood), which is an important means of strengthening the family institution, has been established and many tasks have been assigned.

LITERATURE REVIEW

In writing this article, works on sociology, history of philosophy, social philosophy and legislation, as well as normative documents were addressed.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

In the preparation of this article, methods and principles such as historicity, logic, comparative analysis, analysis and synthesis, valued approach, succession, objectivity were effectively used.

In the work of the city of Abu Nasr Farabi Fazil people, every person is so structured by nature that he will need a lot of things to live and achieve a higher level of maturity, he alone will not be able to achieve such things, he will need a community of people to have them... The activities of such team members deliver to each of them everything necessary for survival and achievement of maturity without a single whole[3, 83-84.]. From history it is known that the basis of a whole society or state is citizens. Every state has a strong structure, consistent development and its role and power in the butunjahan is being implemented due to the excellent policy of the representatives of power and the existence of mutual cooperation with the people, that is, citizens, the rise to the level of high value, which is of great importance.

In fact, even in our country, which is becoming more and more developed in today's fast pictures and has taken a step towards the third Renaissance, our President Sh.Mirziyoyev commented that " the people should serve our people, not state agencies",- we can not be mistaken if we say that we are making great strides as a result of the mutual cooperation between the citizen and the state[4, B, 16.]. In order to ensure the cooperation of the people with the state in our country, a large organization, an institution, a center, a council and a social institution that self-governs citizens, including the neighborhood system, are also carrying out its activities.

True, the neighborhood system has existed for a long time and for our people this system is not a novelty, but after independence this organization has developed the neighborhood Institute and its powers with serious attention, opportunities have been created for the improvement of citizens as a self-governing state body, and even today, as a template for butunjahon, as a result of rational policies and radical reforms aimed at

the development of the neighborhood's position in the past, it is increasingly working as a social institution that is being perfected. It takes into account the public opinion of the citizens in the social institutions of the self-governing neighborhoods, develops appropriate forms of representation in their implementation, as well as achieves a high position as the main means of shaping the spirituality of the people, their national self-esteem, values, respect for each other, morality, the mood of mutual warmth.

Currently, high duties are assigned to the neighborhood Institute. Article 105 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan. In the towns, villages and ovules, as well as in the neighborhoods in which they are located, as well as in the neighborhoods of cities, the gatherings of citizens are self-governing bodies, they elect the chairman (oqsagol). The procedure for the election of self-governing bodies, the organization of activities and the scope of powers are determined by law[5, B, 60.]. The statement of the legal status of the self-governing body of citizens, that is, the neighborhood, in this regard, the creation of the constitutional and legal basis of the system of self-governing bodies of citizens, is a clear evidence that our society and the state are providing the neighborhoods with a wide range of opportunities. On March 28, 2013, several amendments and additions were introduced to the law on self-government bodies

of citizens in the new edition approved by the Senate of the Oliy Majlis on September 14, 2017.

Analysis and results: In the new edition of the law, the organizational and legal basis of the activities of the citizens ' gatherings was strengthened. Including in it:

- Self-governing bodies of citizens implementation of measures to support the strata of the population against social injustice;
- Identify families, lonely pensioners and disabled people who need social assistance in conjunction with social assistance centres for assistance and protection of the population;
- In connection with the provision of employment assistance to citizens residing on the territory of the Republic of Uzbekistan established norms of immigration[6].

In accordance with Article 18 of the law of the new edition of the Republic of Uzbekistan on self-governing bodies of citizens, 8 commissions on the main directions of the activities of the Citizens ' Assembly shall be established at the meetings of citizens. These commissions include:

1. Reconciliation Commission;

2. Commission on issues of
enlightenment and spirituality;

3. Social support Commission;

4. Commission on working with women;

5. Commission on minors, youth and
sports;

6. Commission on entrepreneurship and
family business development;

7. Commission on ecology and nature
protection, landscaping and landscaping;

8. Commission on public control and
consumer protection.

In his speech at a meeting with representatives of voters of the Andijan region of our president Sh.Mirziyoyev, he put forward the following points: we will continue the reforms in the social sphere, the way of raising the standard and quality of life of our people, based on the principle that “reform is not for

reform, but first of all for a person”, fully justified in life. That is, we strictly follow the principle of maintaining a strong social policy, which is one of the five popular principles in the “Uzbek model” of development [7, 21.]. It is known that at present, radical changes are being made in any sphere of our country, which is

developing on the basis of world standards. In particular, the reforms carried out in the social sphere, that is, the neighborhood-as an institution of self-government of citizens-has many powers, and these are:

- Organizes short-term courses on teaching the basics of economics, accounting, entrepreneurial activity and tax legislation to citizens living in the relevant territory who want to formulate entrepreneurial activity, as well as inform them about the benefits and preferences set out in the legislation on entrepreneurship;
- Assistance to employment promotion and social protection centers, as well as to the employment of young people to enterprises, institutions and organizations located in the relevant territory, their attachment to these enterprises, institutions and organizations, as well as to artisans;
- Assistance in the preparation of documents for obtaining a loan for the purpose of entrepreneurship development, in the use of privileges and preferences established by law, in the areas of entrepreneurship in the relevant territory, including family businesses and artisans, is established.

Sh.Mirziyoyev said, the transformation of the neighborhood institute into a colleague and supporter of the people on the ground, the scales of justice, without a doubt, will further strengthen people's trust in the state. At the meeting on the improvement of the neighborhood system on February 12, 2020, he proposed to organize the Ministry of neighborhood and Family Affairs. The new ministry has combined more than 40 thousand employees. The president also spoke about the status of the chairman of the

neighborhood and his appointment for 5 years. Shortcomings in the neighborhood system were criticized, neighborhood offices were strengthened financially, more than 200 tasks were assigned to the citizens of the neighborhood. 22 March was proposed to be declared "Day of employees of the neighborhood system"[8].

Sh.Mirziyoyev studied public opinion in the congratulation sent to the people of Uzbekistan on the occasion of the New Year, Mirziyoyev declared 2022 as "the year of human dignity and active neighborhood" in our country. From this it can be seen that the value of every person in society has been increased to the level of politics, its interests and rights have been comprehensively protected and the doors of opportunity have been opened for the further strengthening of relations with the neighborhood. Interpretation is worth noting that if the family is harmonious, the neighborhood will be peaceful and prosperous, the state will move towards progress.

CONCLUSION

From the above comments came to the following conclusions:

First. We must be able to understand the inseparable connections between the state and the family, that is, in the formation of a perfect future, to what extent the importance of family institutions is great, and to what extent the intelligence, morals, education, spirituality of an adult generation plays an important role in society.

Second. The continuous active participation in the work of the neighborhood for the family, society, country with full use of the opportunities of the Social Institute of the neighborhood, which is an intermediary between the people and the state, as well as

participation in various practical trainings, trainings and events in ensuring the cooperation of the education system and the neighborhood, plays an important role. So young people should always be in search and in action.

Third. If practical assistance is provided by citizens in increasing the role of the neighborhood in our social life, eradicating poverty in our country with the use of its powers, as well as providing the population with a decent layer of employment, it will be possible to effectively eliminate unemployment and spend the free time of youth in each neighborhood under mutual agreement.

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