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Foreign Relations Of The Surkhan Oas In The Years Of Independence (1991-2020)

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ABSTRACT

This article deals primarily with economic issues of foreign relations in the example of Surkhandarya, the southern region of Uzbekistan and to expand relations of New Uzbekistan towards the development along with its impact on the Surkhandarya oasis.

KEYWORDS

Darband Railway, Shargun Coal, Domestic Market, Foreign Market, Oysun Coal, Industry, Resource Base, Socio-Economic, Trade, Industrial and Cultural.

INTRODUCTION

After gaining independence, Uzbekistan has created the necessary resource base to ensure the stable and uninterrupted operation of enterprises and sectors of the real economy. Significant changes in the structure of exports

have been achieved as a result of increased production of import-substituting products and diversification of industrial production. It was also noted that the strengthening of relations with neighboring countries, a lot of Doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/tajssei/Volumeo3Issue04-89

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work is being done to develop relations with these countries in the socio-economic, trade, industrial and cultural spheres. In particular, there have been significant changes in the WTO in recent years with neighboring countries, such as Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan. The existence of an active foreign trade balance with Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Iran can be considered a positive result in the country's foreign trade. Among the 20 largest partners in foreign economic are four countries, activity including Afghanistan (\$ 772.3 million), Kyrgyzstan (\$ 610.1 million), and Tajikistan (\$ 307.2 million) trade balance is available and Iran (\$ 33.2 million). The passive balance of foreign trade turnover remains in the remaining 16 countries. Today, Uzbekistan trades are with about 170 countries. The largest volume of foreign trade turnover was with the PRC (17.7%), the Russian Federation (15.5%), Kazakhstan (8.3%), the Republic of Korea (5.9%), Turkey (5.8%), Kyrgyzstan (2.5%) and Germany (2.3%). Tashkent has a significant share in the country's foreign trade turnover, which is 34.2% or \$ 12.42 billion, with the smallest share at 1.2% or \$ 421.7 million, which is higher than in Surkhandarya. One-third of the WTO's volume is in the CIS, and this figure has changed slightly in recent years.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Despite the measures taken to strengthen cooperation with the CIS countries and comprehensively support foreign trade, the share of foreign trade turnover of the CIS countries decreased by 2.0% compared to the same period in 2019. In the same period of 2018, a decrease of 3.7% was recorded, and their share in foreign trade turnover at the end

of January-December 2020 amounted to 32.6%. In January-December 2020, the foreign trade turnover of other countries increased accordingly compared to the same period in 2018-2019 and amounted to 67.4% of the total foreign trade turnover. The foreign trade turnover of the Republic of Uzbekistan with the CIS countries amounted to 11.83 billion dollars, of which exports amounted to 4.1 billion dollars and imports to 7.73 billion dollars. The largest volume of foreign trade turnover with the CIS countries is the Russian Federation (47.7%), Kazakhstan (25.5%), Kyrgyzstan (7.6%), Turkmenistan (4.5%) and Tajikistan (4, 2%). On December 11, 2020, the Republic of Uzbekistan received observer status in the Eurasian Economic Union. The foreign trade turnover of the Republic of Uzbekistan with the EU amounted to \$ 9.83 billion, of which exports amounted to \$ 3.17 billion and imports to \$ 6.65 billion. Now let's turn our attention to the foreign trade turnover of Surkhandarya region (January-April 2019).

According to the results of January-April 2019, the foreign trade turnover of the region amounted to 155053.1 thousand. USD, which is 75.4% compared to the same period last year. Including the volume of exports 64008.4 thousand USD (growth rate 42.0%) and the volume of imports amounted to 91044.7 thousand. (Decreased by 43.3% compared to the same period last year) and foreign trade balance was minus 27036.3 thousand USD.

In recent years, as a result of diversification of the industrial structure, support for exports, further increase in the production of importsubstituting goods and products, the government has achieved significant changes in the structure of exports. As a result of measures taken in our region to support Published: April 30, 2021 | Pages: 552-557

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foreign trade and further strengthen cooperation with CIS countries in this area, in January-April 2019 the share of CIS countries in foreign trade turnover increased to 29.5% (45,726.2 thousand). US dollars), and the foreign trade turnover amounted to 75.4% compared to the same period last year. The CIS countries with the largest share in foreign trade turnover are Kazakhstan, Russia, Tajikistan, Belarus, Turkmenistan and Ukraine.

As a result of large-scale reforms in the development of foreign economic activity in our region and strong ties with foreign countries, the export potential of our region is growing. In addition, the creation of a number of tax and customs benefits by our government, modernization of production and production of competitive products create the basis for a strong position of our national products in foreign markets. In this regard, one of the main directions of the foreign policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan is to promote peace and stability in the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan. The Republic of Uzbekistan has a firm position in this direction, that is, not to interfere in the internal affairs of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan, to provide the Afghan people with the opportunity to solve their internal problems and strengthen peace and stability in the country which contributes to the economic development of the country. On the basis of the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of November 13, 2017 No 911 "On the organization of the educational center for training Afghan citizens under the Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan" Surkhandarya region An educational center for training Afghan citizens has been established under the Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education in Termez district. The

establishment of this center testifies to the establishment of truly long-term friendly Uzbekistan relations between and Afghanistan. In addition, the situation in Afghanistan has been raised by the Republic of Uzbekistan at the highest level within the SCO, in particular, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev in his speech at the SCO summit on November 10, 2020. . In his speech, the head of our state stressed the importance of not missing the historic opportunity to achieve the long-awaited peace in Afghanistan, and said that the issue of security and peace in this country should be considered an important component of stability and economic development of the SCO region., Stressed the importance of combining efforts to support positive efforts to provide economic assistance to the Afghan people, and a number of other issues. The President addressed other issues of the Afghan problem at the April 2021 conference in Tashkent entitled "Central and South Asia: Regional Interdependence: Threats opportunities" international conference. It is that in accordance implementation of a number of decrees, practical programs and instructions of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan aimed at increasing the export potential, a wide range of export services is being implemented in our country. Recently, JSC "Uzbekistan Railways" implemented a project to "experimentally" export to the Republic of Pakistan 300 tons of coal mined at the enterprises of JSC "Shargunkomir" and LLC "Boysunkomir". The first consignment was sent from Darband railway station (Surkhandarya region). It should be noted that from 2018 to date, Shargunkomir JSC has carried out a wide range of work. In particular, the volume of coal production is growing every year, and the Published: April 30, 2021 | Pages: 552-557

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process of underground mining is accelerating. The social environment in Surkhandarya region is improving and Shargunkomir JSC is contributing to the development of the country's coal industry. Currently, the company produces high-calorie coal SSKOM, SSSSHMO, SSSSH and TR. In accordance with the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 10, 2016 No PP-2628 "On measures to implement the investment project for the construction of a cement plant in Sherabad district of Surkhandarya region" all indicators of plant construction were determined. According to the decision, the specialists of the Turkish company Dal Teknik Makina ve Tijarat Sanayi were instructed to build the technological part of the plant. This project is the second plant successfully implemented by Almalyk Mining Metallurgical Combine. The company modernized the enterprise, which originally built in Zafarabad district of Jizzakh region, and started to produce 350,000 tons of white cement and 760,000 tons of Portland cement per year. 'year. Launched in Jizzakh, the plant is the first successful project in the Commonwealth of Independent States to produce high-quality cement with a whiteness of not less than 85 units and a strength of 500 kg / cm2. According to the project launched in Sherabad district (as a result of disbursement of \$ 212.8 million), 1 mln. Production of 500,000 tons of high-quality Portland cement is being launched and 1,200 new jobs will be created. One of the major achievements of this project is the production of 708 million tons of cement, the largest in the country, including 530 million tons. tons of limestone and 178 mln. tons of soil (clay) are located in Sherabad district. Also, the geographical location of Surkhandarya region allows to find buyers not only in the domestic market, but also in foreign markets for cement products needed for large-scale construction work, which is carried out not only in our country, but also in the neighboring Republic of Afghanistan. In short, the launch of this project is one of the first results of economic reforms in the industry, which are being successfully implemented by the head of our state.

CONCLUSION

As a result of effective mechanisms and concrete measures taken over the past two years in all sectors of the economy, we are witnessing a series of such modern projects not only in Surkhandarya region, but in all regions of the country. As a result of the commissioning of this modern industrial enterprise in a short period of time, 1200 citizens of our country will have jobs, Sherabad district, Surkhandarya region, but also the budget of the republic will increase significantly. The export potential of the region will expand, which will allow a sharp decline in imports of cement products. It will also contribute to the reduction and stabilization of cement prices in the country. Cement products, which are the main building material produced at this new enterprise, will be used in the short term for the construction of modern social facilities, non-residential premises and comfortable and convenient housing for the population in Sherabad district, Surkhandarya region and neighboring countries. serves for quality construction.

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