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Problems Associated With Dental And Dental Diseases

Oblokulov Axmad Tilavkulovich

Samarkand State Medical Institute Assistant At The Department Of Pediatric Dentistry, Uzbekistan

Saidmurodova Jamila Botirovna

Samarkand State Medical Institute Assistant At The Department Of Pediatric Dentistry, Uzbekistan

Bayzakova Sitara Mavlanovna

Samarkand State Medical Institute Assistant At The Department Of Pediatric Dentistry, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

This article is mainly about dental thieves and the full information about the diseases that arise from them. The article describes various treatments and recommendations for dental diseases.

KEYWORDS

Tooth, dental diseases and its prevention, pain in the tooth, consumption of products

INTRODUCTION

Causes of toothache:

In the early stages of tooth decay, the pain in the tooth will be imperceptible or not at all, pain occurs during the consumption of sweet and sour products, as a result of hot and cold effects. When caries deepens, toothache appears during eating and during tooth washing.

The thinning of the tooth enamel or the presence of cracks in it increases the sensitivity of the teeth.

In inflammation of the pulp Pulp (soft tissue inside the tooth), pain occurs unexpectedly (usually at night) and can pass to the jaw or ear. The pulp is called more "dental nerve" among

the people, but this is an erroneous opinion, since in addition to the nerve in the pulp there is also more vascular, lymph, connective tissue.

Periodontitis — inflammation of the tissues around the tip of the tooth-parading. Pain often has a caressing nature, pain when touching a tooth, gums. Inflammation of the gums can be observed along with a sharpening of the tooth.

Periodontitis-inflammation of the bone tissue around the tooth, most often occurs as a result of the fall of the infection, a tooth cyst may form.

A variety of drugs against toothache the most effective NYQV-ketoprofen ("Keaton", "Ketorolac", "ketorolac", etc.) or dexketoprofen ("Dealing") are preservatives for pain relief. These drugs can relieve toothache for 5-6 hours and have an anti-inflammatory effect at the same time. It is also worth noting that Ibuprofen (Noreen, MIG, Aspic, etc.), Naproxen (Sanaprox, Naris) and Flurbiprofen (Flailing) in this group of propionic acid flour are also acceptable.

Very strong analgesic and anti-inflammatory drugs remain diclofenac and acyclofenac, they belong to the group of phenylcyric acid derivatives, but in dentistry these drugs are not widely used.

Among the widely used and effective toothache-relieving drugs, there is also nimesulide (Nays), it is included in the group of sulfonamides, more precisely, in the number of acid-free Unum. One of the leaders in anti-tooth pain drugs remains indicating, which has an anti-inflammatory and very high pain-relieving effect.

The most optimal drugs for relieving toothache are anlagen and paracetamol, but they are able to help only in cases of mild pain.

These drugs are not recommended to be used in early childhood, during pregnancy (except for paracetamol, it can be used starting with the second trimester) and in old age. Since most of these drugs are acidic NYQV, they affect the gastrointestinal tract, so it's good that they are taken in moderation, if there are ulcers and erosions, acute diseases of the liver and kidneys, bronchial asthma, it is recommended not to use them at all. You may need pain medications or antibiotics after dental implant surgery. If swelling, discomfort or any other problem gets worse in the days after surgery, contact your oral surgeon.

After each stage of surgery, you may need to eat soft foods while the surgical site heals. Typically, your surgeon will use stitches that dissolve on their own. If your stitches aren't self-dissolving, your doctor removes them.

RESULTS

Most dental implants are successful. Sometimes, however, the bone fails to fuse sufficiently to the metal implant. Smoking, for example, may contribute to implant failure and complications. If the bone fails to fuse sufficiently, the implant is removed, the bone is cleaned up, and you can try the procedure again in about three months.

You can help your dental work — and remaining natural teeth — last longer if you:

CONCLUSION

Practice excellent oral hygiene. Just as with your natural teeth, keep implants, artificial teeth and gum tissue clean. Specially designed brushes, such as an interdental brush that slides between teeth, can help clean the nooks and crannies around teeth, gums and metal posts.

See your dentist regularly. Schedule dental checkups to ensure the health and proper functioning of your implants and follow the advice for professional cleanings.

Avoid damaging habits. Don't chew hard items, such as ice and hard candy, which can break your crowns — or your natural teeth. Avoid tooth-staining tobacco and caffeine products. Get treatment if you grind your teeth.

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