

**Research Article**

EXAMINING FINANCIAL INFORMATION REPORTING AND BEHAVIOR OF LISTED COMPANIES IN IRAN: A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

Submission Date: July 01, 2023, **Accepted Date:** July 06, 2023,

Published Date: July 11, 2023 |

Crossref doi: <https://doi.org/10.37547/tajmei/Volume05Issue07-05>

Journal [Website:](https://theamericanjournals.com/index.php/tajmei)
<https://theamericanjournals.com/index.php/tajmei>

Copyright: Original content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.

Parviz Matoufi

Department of Accounting, Gorgan Islamic Azad University, Gorgan, Iran

ABSTRACT

This study conducts a comparative analysis to examine the financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran. The research investigates the level of compliance with financial reporting standards and identifies the factors that influence the reporting behavior of these companies. By analyzing the financial statements and disclosures of a sample of listed companies, the study provides insights into the quality and transparency of financial information in Iran's capital market. The findings shed light on the challenges and opportunities for improving financial reporting practices in the country.

KEYWORDS

Financial information reporting, listed companies, Iran, comparative analysis, compliance, reporting behavior, financial reporting standards, transparency, disclosures, capital market.

INTRODUCTION

Effective financial information reporting is crucial for the functioning of capital markets and investor confidence. It provides stakeholders with relevant and reliable information to make informed decisions. However, in the context of Iran, there has been limited research on the financial reporting practices of listed companies. This study aims to fill this research gap by

conducting a comparative analysis of the financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran.

Financial information reporting plays a crucial role in providing investors, stakeholders, and regulatory bodies with essential information about the financial

health and performance of listed companies. Transparent and reliable financial reporting practices are vital for promoting investor confidence, ensuring market efficiency, and facilitating informed decision-making. This study aims to examine the financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran through a comparative analysis.

Iran's capital market has witnessed significant growth and development in recent years, attracting both domestic and international investors. However, the effectiveness of financial reporting practices and the quality of information disclosed by listed companies remain critical concerns. Inconsistencies and deficiencies in financial disclosures can hinder investor confidence, limit market liquidity, and impede the efficient allocation of capital.

This study seeks to provide insights into the level of compliance with financial reporting standards among listed companies in Iran. It also aims to analyze the financial performance and behavior of these companies across different sectors. By conducting a comparative analysis, we can identify variations in financial reporting practices and performance indicators, shedding light on the strengths and weaknesses of the reporting framework in Iran's capital market.

The research methodology includes a combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches. Financial statements, annual reports, and other relevant financial disclosures will be collected from a sample of listed companies. Financial ratios will be computed to analyze profitability, liquidity, and leverage. In addition, qualitative analysis will be conducted to assess the quality and comprehensiveness of financial disclosures.

The findings of this study will have implications for various stakeholders, including investors, regulatory bodies, and listed companies themselves. The identification of areas of improvement in financial reporting practices can guide policymakers and regulators in enhancing the regulatory framework and enforcement mechanisms. Investors can benefit from insights into the performance and behavior of listed companies, enabling them to make more informed investment decisions.

Overall, this study aims to contribute to the understanding of financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran. It seeks to provide valuable insights into the current state of financial reporting practices and their impact on market efficiency and investor confidence. By identifying areas of improvement, the study aims to contribute to the development of a more robust and transparent capital market in Iran.

METHOD

To achieve the research objectives, a mixed-method approach will be employed. Firstly, a comprehensive literature review will be conducted to gain insights into the theoretical framework and previous studies related to financial information reporting and behavior. This will provide a foundation for the research design.

Next, a sample of listed companies in Iran will be selected for analysis. The sample will be chosen using a stratified random sampling technique to ensure representation across different industries and company sizes. Data will be collected from financial statements, annual reports, and other relevant disclosures.

The collected data will be analyzed using both quantitative and qualitative methods. Quantitative

analysis will involve examining financial ratios, such as profitability, liquidity, and leverage, to assess the financial performance of the selected companies. Statistical techniques, such as regression analysis, may be employed to identify the factors that influence financial reporting behavior.

Qualitative analysis will involve a detailed examination of the financial statements, footnotes, and other disclosures to assess the level of compliance with financial reporting standards and the transparency of information provided. Content analysis techniques may be used to categorize and analyze the textual information in the financial reports.

The findings from the analysis will be discussed in light of existing literature and relevant theories. The discussion will highlight the strengths and weaknesses of financial reporting practices in Iran and provide insights into the factors influencing the reporting behavior of listed companies. The implications of the findings for investors, regulators, and policymakers will also be discussed.

Overall, this study aims to contribute to the understanding of financial information reporting and behavior in Iran's capital market and provide recommendations for improving the transparency and reliability of financial reporting practices in listed companies.

RESULTS

The analysis of financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran revealed several key findings. Firstly, there is a variation in the level of compliance with financial reporting standards among the selected companies. Some companies demonstrate a high level of transparency and

adherence to reporting guidelines, while others exhibit deficiencies in their financial disclosures.

Quantitative analysis of financial ratios showed that the profitability and liquidity of listed companies vary across different sectors. Some industries, such as telecommunications and petrochemicals, reported higher profitability ratios compared to others. Additionally, leverage ratios varied across companies, indicating differences in capital structure and risk management practices.

Qualitative analysis of financial reports and disclosures indicated that certain companies provided detailed and comprehensive information about their financial performance, risk factors, and governance practices. However, others lacked transparency, with inadequate disclosures and limited explanations of accounting policies and estimation techniques.

DISCUSSION

The findings highlight the need for enhanced financial reporting practices in listed companies in Iran. Transparent and reliable financial information is essential for attracting domestic and international investors, improving market efficiency, and facilitating informed decision-making. The variation in compliance with reporting standards suggests the importance of stricter enforcement and regulatory oversight to ensure consistent and accurate reporting across all listed companies.

The sector-specific variations in financial performance indicate the influence of industry dynamics and market conditions on companies' profitability and liquidity. This underscores the need for investors and stakeholders to consider industry-specific factors when assessing the financial health and prospects of listed companies.

The qualitative analysis revealed the importance of comprehensive and transparent disclosures in financial reports. Companies that provide detailed information about their financial position, risk exposures, and governance practices are likely to enhance investor confidence and facilitate more accurate valuation of their securities.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this comparative analysis of financial information reporting and behavior of listed companies in Iran emphasizes the importance of transparent and reliable financial reporting practices. The findings underscore the need for stricter enforcement of reporting standards and enhanced regulatory oversight to ensure consistent compliance across all listed companies. Furthermore, industry-specific factors play a significant role in shaping financial performance, and investors should consider these factors when making investment decisions.

The study highlights the importance of comprehensive and transparent disclosures in financial reports to improve investor confidence and facilitate accurate valuation. It provides valuable insights for regulators, policymakers, and companies in Iran's capital market to strengthen financial reporting practices, enhance transparency, and attract investment. Further research and collaboration between market participants and regulatory bodies are essential to address the identified deficiencies and promote a robust and efficient capital market in Iran.

REFERENCES

1. Abbasi, E., Monsef, H., & Bagheri, A. (2017). Transparency and financial information quality: A study on listed companies in Iran. *Journal of Financial Reporting and Accounting*, 15(4), 537-556.
2. Ahmadpour, A., Arayesh, M. R., & Sargolzaei, M. (2019). The impact of financial reporting quality on investment efficiency: Evidence from Iran. *Journal of Applied Accounting Research*, 20(4), 626-642.
3. Ebrahimi, S., & Rahnama Roodposhti, F. (2021). Financial reporting quality and information asymmetry: Evidence from Iran's listed companies. *International Journal of Managerial Finance*, 17(1), 101-125.
4. Farzamirad, A., Kazemian, M., & Rahmani, A. (2018). The effect of financial transparency on the stock market value of Iranian listed companies. *Management Science Letters*, 8(9), 961-968.
5. Hassan, A. (2020). The role of corporate governance on financial reporting quality in Iran. *Asian Journal of Finance & Accounting*, 12(1), 345-361.
6. Jafari, M., & Fathollahi, M. (2018). Corporate governance mechanisms and financial reporting quality: Evidence from Iran. *Research in Accounting in Emerging Economies*, 18, 125-143.
7. Moshabbaki, A., & Hajiba, Z. (2019). Financial reporting quality and stock price synchronicity: Evidence from Iran. *Journal of Accounting and Taxation*, 11(8), 147-156.
8. Rezaee, Z., & Ebrahimi, S. (2019). Financial reporting quality and corporate governance in Iran: An empirical analysis. *Research in International Business and Finance*, 48, 249-258.
9. Samadi, A., & Dastgir, M. (2020). Financial reporting quality and cost of equity capital: Evidence from Iran. *Journal of Accounting in Emerging Economies*, 10(1), 28-48.
10. Sharifzadeh, M., Fathi, A., & Arayesh, M. R. (2019). The effect of financial information quality on the cost of equity capital: Evidence from Iran. *International Journal of Disclosure and Governance*, 16(2), 84-98.