



Journal Website:
<http://usajournalshub.com/index.php/tajhfr>

Copyright: Original content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.

Strategies For Counseling On Considering The Level Of Dampness Supply Of Slant Terrains For Horticultural Creation In Azerbaijan

Alekperov KA

PhD, Institute Of Soil Science And Agrochemistry Of NAS Of Azerbaijan

Aliyev GA

Institute Of Soil Science And Agrochemistry Of NAS Of Azerbaijan

ABSTRACT

The current data on dampness and the temperature of the ground in administrative framework by creation to rural item essential, in any case, for taking the usable choices at improvement natural clean innovation water system under developing farming societies to accomplish the most extreme gather.

KEYWORDS

Dampness test, arable, soil, environment, vafer stickiness, drill, graduation, apparatus,

INTRODUCTION

The expanding developing of the populace in republic puts the issues, arrangement their arrangements including item agrarian creation. The realized that in Azerbaijan, as from 50-yh years past hundreds of years in expansive scope is acknowledged water system -

ameliorative development, which has the huge reach following 70-h years. The year for year was expanded rates water economy development.

- An arranging the terrains;
- A development little pools; - A turn of events and expansive presenting the frameworks water secure not many serious of the innovation and advances of the water system agrarian societies;
- A dominating (for necessities rural creation) of the extra territories, by presentation is blasted inundated husbandries;
- An acknowledgment to motorizations and robotizations of the interaction of the water system horticultural societies and so on

Since ground-principle characteristic office creation arrangements. Dampness and temperature of the ground - one of the primary actual trademark grounds, which characterize their ripeness. Without presence essential (required) sum water in ground and relating to temperature farming societies don't grow as a rule. Dampness of ground impacts upon break up, uprooting and proficiency natural and mineral manures, on level of the pollution of ground pesticides and the other item strategies beginnings, on that, on how much rural plants will receive awful for wellbeing of individuals scientists

The most known strategy for the gathering given about dampness of ground from her surfaces before profundity 100-150 sm, layer through every 10 sm, is indoor regulator weight (TW) technique. He presents the likelihood to get given about dampness of ground for the entire profundity lied cortex plants, which puts his distant with aviation techniques if the inquiry is target data in what, that decided point horticultural fields. In any case, if the inquiry is relative surface saturating of the entire field, that here as of now TW technique,

just as some other overland way, can not contend c aviation strategies and office of the gathering to this data. Along with that, TW-technique has a column deformity, which don't elevate that to utilize his as standard at graduation overland and aviation instrument.

In any case, acquire this oversees because of the way that in cycle of the estimation to dampness applying new path estimations to electric limit and dampness. Depends on that primary method of the gathering most outer proof about dampness of ground, in the assessment of numerous specialists, is TW-strategy. Anyway herewith, when in doubt, don't consider that test strategies doesn't show on estimated space field level to dampness subsequently that dampness of ground is characterized not 10-allude to layer of the entire field, involved solid farming by culture, however in that example of ground just, which is chosen for examination in 4050 gr aluminum bank.

The essential turn of events and presentation robotized estimating frameworks for basilica, handling, keeping and transmissions to data on state of ground, associated with choice of the complex of the issues. Here the most significant is an estimation speaker's dampness spare in ground. Yet, without choice of the issues of the creation precise measure sensor to dampness of ground all arrangement to robotizations estimation other boundary of ground in agro enhancement, as especially significant for states of the mountain farming in locale truly end up being the couple of viable.

Other than technique IK-spectroscopy, relates to more costly and reasonable to lab examines, instead of for improvement field express-

instrument and robotized far off gadget of the estimation to dampness of ground. Anyway on this reason, is viewed as sensible acknowledgment in consideration of the own assessments of the line researcher. The consequences of the investigation of these examinations demonstrate that no assembled thought (the offers) nearly guideline of the structure robotized estimating frameworks in agro meteorology, yet additionally hydro meteorology all in all. The most making, for techniques and offices of the programmed checking hydro ameliorative boundary, on our look is a completion organization "Vaysal", which offers the shopper certain programmed framework for perception for condition numerous component climates on the base specific (meteorological) of the PC.

the accompanying boundary: - Dampness of the air (range 25-100%, at temperature from - 4 preceding +500C) - Dampness of ground (range 4-40%, at temperature from 0 preceding +500C) - A temperature of the air (the reach from - 50 preceding + 500 C); - A temperature of ground (the reach from - 25 preceding + 500C); - A photosynthetic to dynamic radiation of the FAR (the reach 0, 38-0,70 maM) and other. On portrayal of the designer these sensors and practical converters "signal-voltage" is all inclusive for example it for utilizing reasonable, as in robotized estimating framework, so and in isolated discrete instrument.

There is while one striking, approach to consider this distinction, this interest on space of the quantity of the redundancies of the estimations instrument VPG-4C and, particularly, conclusions to dampness of ground TW-strategy. Then again, through aviation techniques it is outlandish get sharing the temperature and dampness of ground on

profundity before 1-1,5 m. For this situation they while that no can change the overland offices of the gathering to data on dampness and temperature of the ground

CONCLUSION

TW-technique is established on weight drying and assurance sum disintegrated water. Every one of three above notice techniques enjoys their own benefit and imperfection. The benefit of the aviation techniques comprises in subsequently that they high velocity and cover the more noteworthy domain. Yet, they else have an imperfection in that that through their it is unthinkable get appropriation an agro meteorology factors in profound cut before 1-1,5 m that that there is benefit of the overland offices.

REFERENCES

1. Shyhlinkij EM The precise directions on utilizing of innovations beat trickle water system in condition Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan Designing - Building College, 1998, 39 p.
2. Grossgejm AA. also, others - In kn. : Grandiose techniques for the investigation nature ambiances. Novosibirsk. 1984. p. 115-125.
3. Erosiology MN, Zaslavsky Methodic planning the figure spare beneficial dampness and assessment dampness gave corn societies. - In kn.: Assortment of the precise guidelines on examination and assessment agro meteorology condition. - L.GIDROMETIZDAT, 1978, p. 143-164.
4. The perplexing techniques for the handling aviation photograph data for uncovering the particularities of the

development earthbound
cortex./A.L.Yashin, L.Zyatykova,
V.N.sharapov and others-in kn.: Vast
strategies for the investigation of the
common atmosphere. Novosibirsk, 1983,
11-24 p.

5. Utilize the far off techniques for partition
of the point of view territories inside
feebly concentrate by an area/V.Y.
Eromenko, A.I. Prokopenko.- In kn.- Land
structures Siberia and their mineral
bearing.